· , Sai	nitized Copy Approved for Release 2011/02/08: CIA-RDP82-0 CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY	REPORT REPORT
	information report	CD NO.
OUNTRY	Germany (Russian Zone)	DATE DIS
UBJECT	Production at the Elektrochemisches Kombinat, Bitterfeld	NO. OF PAGES 9 50X1-HUN
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1.	At the beginning of March 19h6, dismantling orders Farben plant in Bitterfeld and, within three days, to the works to dismantle the following plants und mantling officers:	about 30,000 men were brought
	a. In Work Hord:	
	The mercury electrolysis plant.	
	The new foundry, which had been built to produ	ce ferro alloys and special
	Large parts of the tungstic acid plant. The molybdenum plant.	
	The jewel industry. The formic acid plant.	
	The calcium formate plant. The oxygen plant.	
	b. In Work Std:	
	 Parts of the chlorate electrolysis plant. The bichromate plant except for a few parts. Large parts of the permanganate plant. The modern high-pressure power plant in Thalhe 	im. which was only complete:
	during the war. The nickel-plated autoclaves in the polymeriza	•
	department. A series of apparatuses for the manufacture of	polyvinylchleride.
	Parts of the chlorobenzene plant. The tricresol phosphate plant. The new scrap-metal processing plant in the li	cht matal da amtwart
	The 30,000-ton and the 15,000-ton force presse Aluminum plant II.	s in the light moval department.
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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGRICY

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The plants dismantled amounted to about 65% of the total value. They were rated by the Russians at some 80,000,000 DM only.

The value of salable goods produced between 1947 and 1950 was as follows:

1947 - 109 million DM.

1949 - 181 million DM.

1950 - will exceed 200 million UM

1991 - 215 million is expected; it may even reach 220-225 million Dia

The 1951 plan for the improvement and expension of the Elektrochemiseles 50X1-HUM

a. Caustic soda lye.

The construction of a new caustic soda electrolysis plant with 66 moreury tanks is in full owing. It is calculated that the electrolyzer will be working by 1 January 1951. The capacity of the caustic soda plant in Bitterfold will be about 60,000 tons in 1951;

Potassium permanganate.

By the erection of 10 new larger electrolycis tanks the capacity will be raised to 150 tons per month and 1,800 tons per year.

Potacsium bichromate.

Only a few minor industrial extensions are planned. Capacity has not actually been raised. Production will be about 2,500 tons per year.

d. Potassium and sodium chlorate.

Because of the lack of the proper magnetite electrodes, the industry has had to compat great difficulties in the last few years, so that the question of the substitution of magnetite electrodes by graphite electrodes has lately become acute. In view of the great domand for chlorate an increase in production is desired, but has not yet been finally decided. Monthly production 1,100 - 1,500 tons.

e. Graphite electrodes.

An increase in production to 900 tens per month is planned.

- f. Synthetic Department.
 - 1) The investments for the industries dealing with synthetics are considerable. A new h-cylinder calender of the most modern design is being set up in Bitterfeld and is to take over the production of all kinds of foil. In particular, it is intended to manufacture foil alam thick for packing. A further plan is to construct a plant for the manufacture of "Igelit" floor covering. This plant will consist of a calender and 3 or 4 rolling mills. The plant, which at the moment has not been ordered, is to be ready for production by the third quarter of 1951.
 - 2) "Vinidur" pipling of various discusions is to be produced in greater quantities. At present, 2 tube presses with a capacity of 25 tons per month are available for use. The construction of 2 additional tube presses is planned, while the decision about a fifth press has not yet been made. Monthly requirements of the Soviet Zone are estimated at about 100 tons. The tubes are used as roof gutter piping as well as for the entire cold water plumbing system in house construction and as pipes for the different sections in the chemical industry. A coating nachine which was built some years ato is to be installed for coating paper and for producing washable callpaper.

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CENTRAL INTELLICENCE AGENCY

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50X1-HUM

3) In the field of high-frequency welding much important progress has been made, and many products such as air cushions, bicycles, waterproof bags, waterproof raincoats, etc. are to be produced in the coming year.

g. "Igelit" POU.

An expansion of the PCU plant is not planned, since the Bunaworke in Schkepau can produce 1,500 tens per month at present. Exameled autoclaves will be gradually exchanged for nickel-plated ones in the coming year to safemund production. The capacity of the FC plant is to be ruised to about 60 tens per month through the installation of a tente drier and the expansion of the distillation plant for tetrachloroethylene. The enlargement of the paste installation is being considered, but has not yet been decided, because the development of the market for boots and shoes made from "Igelit" is being watched with some concern, since a considerable portion of the paste is being used for them. Thelve tens of thus solution and PC varnish are namufactured. In view of the heavy decand, production is to be raised, to about 20 tens.

it. Tricresyl phosphate.

The production of tricresyl phosphate, which now amounts to about 180 term a nonth, is to be raised to 20 tens a month. The production of "Gesarch" these expansions will be attained with small financial outlay.

i. lethylone chloride.

The production of methylene chloride from methanol and chlorine is planned. The Filmfabrik Volfen needs about 100-150 tons for collulose acctate and Bitterfeld itself needs 15 tons a nonth as a selvent for flue solutions.

J. Benzenehexachloride.

The manufacture of lenzenehexachloride is to be started in 1951. A production of 3 tons a month is planned at first.

k. Insecticides.

The demand for insecticides is estimated at about 15,000 tons a year. The Schering AG and Fahlberg-List also produce substantial anomats of these insecticides.

1. Formic acid,

The production of formic acid will probably be removed in 1951. A need has arisen for the manufacture of camphor and about 190 tons of formic acid will be required (sic). Thether these specifications actually are correct could not be a solutely determined when a vicit was paid to the Hauptverwaltung Chemic in Berlin. The existing machinery in Nork Hord could be completed and a production of about 350 - 400 tons a month of calcium formate could be reached at a cost of h20,000 PM. About 120 tons of formic acid can be produced from this calcium formate by decomposing it with H2501, while 100 tons of calcium formate is available for the needs of arriculture.

m. Aluminum.

Planned production in 1951 - 3,000 tons Planned production in 1952 -15,000 tons.

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n. Sodium.

The Mektrochemisches Kombinat, Bitterfeld, has been requested several times by the government to produce sodium, because 30 tens per month are needed for the production of lead tetracthyl. In view of the difficulty of carrying this cut and the very low price obtained, the plant has so far refused to start such production. The question may be raised again in 1951.

e. Nickel carbonyl.

Mickel carbonyl and iron carbonyl were occasionally produced at Bitterfeld but since the plant has little experience in the field of high pressure, production is likely to be transferred to Leuna.

p. Lead-calcium-barium and lead-calcium-sodium alloys.

Experiments in the field of lead-bearing metals have had flavorable results, so that a small production of lead-calcium-barium and lead-calcium-sedium alloys is to e started. These alloys, in combination with magnesium, have proved themselves most excellent as bearing alloys for locomotive supports, which are subjected to great strain.

q. Iron alloys.

In the 1951 plan, provision has been made for the production of iron alloys, such as ferro-chrome, ferro-tunation, ferro-vanadium and ferro-melybdenum, starting from the fourth quarter. The quantities are not yet known and depend on the production program of the steel works. It is calculated, at any rate, that there will be a growing domand from 1952 on. On the other hand, to the present little attention has been paid by the Dussians to the plan to produce magnesium.

r. Witrogen.

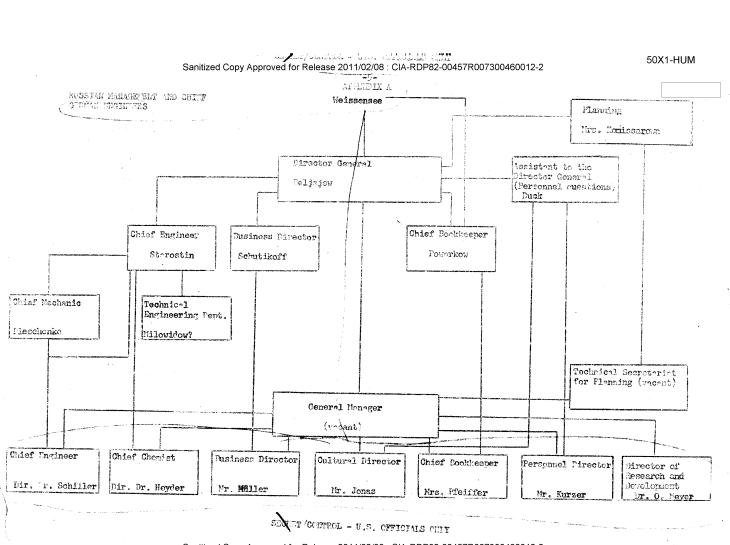
The production of the nitrogen department will remain at about the same level as in 1950.

s. Cleaning materials.

One thousand two hundred tons a month are to be produced in the coming year for industrial use.

- 5. The sums of the investments for the new plants and general repairs for 1951 have not yet been finally established. A sum of 10 to 20 million EN was suggested by the Germans, and 15 million EN by the Russians. It is expected that a sum of 10 million EN will be allotted for new plants and general repairs; 7 million EN for the new plants and 3 million EN for general repairs. This will mean that individual projects will be limited.
- 6. The power station will have only I million DN at its disposal in 1991, and will be able to carry out only the most urgent remains. The one or two new boilers which are urgently required will not be able to be built. This perhaps of interest to know in this connection that the sumply of power in the Zone is endangered by the growing industry. It is intended to built 3 power stations with a total of 500 million watts, probably similar to the Chalbeim high-pressure power station.

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CHRITIAL LABILITIENCE AGENCY

MARIDIX B

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The Engineering Division

HEAD ENGHIEER DIR. DR. SCHELLER DIPUTY TO THE HEAD ENGINEER OFFR-ING. CRUMLE

Gredit Control Office

Ing. Cross

Surervision of credits for new installations and general

repairs as rell as of the

plants' budgets

Blueprint Construction

Department

Ob -Inf Pilumn

Complete designs for new installations, the development of new processes, etc.

Power Station 150 HJ Machino Department Blectrical Department Director Ob.-Inc. Prinacke Dipl.-Ing. Jeissmann

Ing. Haschberg

Hain Jorkshop

Cb.-Ing. Kölsch

The ontine Stid Jork is contained in a row of smaller workshops

Engineering Department II

Dipl -Ing. Schmiz

Controls the workshops of the Hard ork.

Engineering Department E Coor.-Ing. Mainzer

All of the work which falls into the category of electrical

engineering: Repairs

New installations

Establishment of electrolysis

plants.

Hops not include the power

station, however.

Engineering Department 3

Cher.-Ing. Borsbach

All construction work; furnose resempt lindage for reservoirs, electrolytic

baths, etc.

Heat Processing Department

Co.-Ing. Hofmann

Supervision of pierm consu option. Construction and supervision of measuring instruments, signal and

calety oculpment.

Engineering Dopartment III Ob.-Ing. Pfabe

Concardling of the Light Motale Department. Depairing of presses,

smelting Curaces. New aluminum plant.

Testing Department

Dr. Holub

Examination of all materials which are used for building and repair. He cially, tecture of the colicityproperties, such as the traction-bondless strongth. anikamion opi opavojina

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CURTRAL INTELLICENCE ACENCY

APPENDIX C

The Chemical Division

CHIEF THEHET - DIR. DR. HEYDER DEPUTY TO THE CHIEF CHIEFT - DR. OFTO SEIPELT

AMORGANIC DEPARTMENT - DR. EHLERS

	The the Little Tour Care Land	- UK. DHEERS					
/	Sedium hydrate electrolysis	Dr. Hehlhorn	capacity ~ 2,000	tons	per	year	
	Caustic potash electrolysis	Dr. Bornhak	. " ~7 ₂ 500	17	17	£4	
	Caustic potash foundry	s N	^и — 1,000	ţ	11	19	
	Potassium bichronate	Dr. Weitendorf	" 2,200 - 2,300	18	12	II	
	Chromic acid	ît ii	" 250	ŧŗ	ti	1. 14	
	Potassium permanganate	Dr. Lance	" ~ 1.450	11	11	ſĪ.	
	Potash	Dr. Pritze	" 6,750	11	† 3	11	
	Potassium chlorate and sodium chlorate	Dr. Schindler Dr. Weissbrodt	" ~ 1l _{1,2} 000	11	19	11	
	Magnetite electrodes	Dr. Marktl	" 7 <u>5</u> 0	#	tr	11	
	Titanium white	Dr., Ворр	" undetermined ~ 750	tona	י ינסמ	ve ar	
	Phosphorus	Dr. Dahlem Dr. Orfuning	" 1,50	H	n	ti .	
	Barium chloride	Dr. Ворр	" 1,500 - 1,000 production (really limited	18	Ħ	5 7	
	Hjdrochloric acid	Dr. Künzel-Jehner		ıi	.11	Ft.	
1	Chlorine (liquid)	11 11 11	" ? _{>} 200	•1	;*	71	
(Graphite electrodes	Dipl. Inc. Minkler	" 9 ₃ 000	14	n	fì.	
ſ	Daustic lime	Dr. Bopp	Preduction only with regard diaride for bichremate and	i to o	carbo	n Inde	
•	icid cement, "Igurit". Mirasal" and several Lesser products	•				unici (Prije)	
C	Calcium (Std)	Dr. Seliger	360 4	one -	מר מביני	ra mana	
C	Calcium (distilled)	ff	36 0	*)		41 - 11	

1	C NTPAL INTELLIGE	HOR ACENCY	
	a Jus		
ORGANICO DEPARTITATE -	- DR. GMSSL		
Tricropyl phosphate	Dr. v.d. Bruck	2,200	tons per year
Triphenyl phosphate	38 38 57 H	\sim 120	it it it
Chloral Chloral sydrate	Dr. Engenana	~ 100 ~	150 tone (verying areatly)
-Carbon tetrachloride	Dr. Bandtel	capacity 3,600;Proc	luction: 2,000 - 2,500
"Gesarol"	Dr. Ruppert	550	11 52 11
Chlorbenzene	n .	~ 1,000	n n n
Phosphorus oxychloride; Phos- phorus trichloride	Dr. v.d. Emck	capacity \sim 1,000	H H G ·
Denzoic acid	11 19 11 11	~ 200	\$\$ \$\$. \$\$
Oxalic acid (crystallized)	Dr. Hiller	1,000	11 t7 t7
Lesser products, cuch as: "Bladan", Benzyl chloride, Denzoyl chloride, Denzal chloride.			
SYMPHETIC MATURNALS B	EFAMIER - DR. GR	COL	
"Igelit" PCU	Dr. Toubner	6,000	tons per year
"Inelit" PC	Or. Schaarschmidt	51,0	18 17 18
"Vinidur" technische Formartikel	Ing. Wippenhohn	capacity according to	different production
"Igelit" te c hnische Formartikel	Ing. Holzhausen	it 11 H	e grand and a gran
"Igelit" pastes	Ing. Holzhausen	1,800 -2,00	00 tons per year
"Igelit" shoes and boots	î¥ îī	600,000	pairs per year
Mue and varmishes	H et	150	tons nor year
t great number of products made from "Vinidur" and "Ipolit"	11		

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/ Light Tighis dupant	TITT - DP. OCTOTAND		
Blocks of aluminum	The state of the s		
alloys	Ing. Koch	~ 6,000	tons per year
Blocks of magnesium alloys	11 ti	3 ₄ 600	a a u
Extruding pross semi finished products	- Gipl. Ing. Fiedler	with variations i	n profile
Sand castings	Dipl. Ing. Visnicaski	verying according	to type of casting
Chillod castings	Dipl. Ing. Griesemann	11 19	P D B B
l'anganese hard steel shrone steel, weldin alloys, cobalt comla boracic acid	7		
Very pure aluminum	Dr. Lang	1.00	tons per year
Foundry aluminum	11 tr	900	85 ik 88
NITROGII D'EASTERNT.		مىن <u>دە مەسىدە ھەسىئ</u> ىنىڭ رە قىقىلانلىق ئىلىن دارى دارىدا چېرىدىدۇ. دارىلىقى قىقاردار	e managan i demonstrati propri mali propri propri propri i mali i managan i
Lime emmonium nitrate	Dr. Porot	150,000	tons per year
kremonium nitrate	Dr. Deyer		,000 ir ir 000,
Grude mitric acid	Dr. Forst com		5 - 60 tons per day
WRK NOOD - DR. LEPIG	er – destambalikasis, elepis erendik der dasa inn gipeleksistensiyi kratynasi de denyi kratynasi d		Tiggs of the second
Caustic soda lye	Dr. Hoyaam	tio occ	
dquid chlorine	DI a no.ymann	42,000	tons per year
Word)	ft ?t	10,800	ia 11 11
Siliron"	Horr Reiniger	~ 15,000	8 . B . B
rccious stone orkshop	Herr Hünger	ટ.્રા	. ध म फ
alcium Notal Nord)	Dr. Nochstetter	~ 80	n u
orium alloy	11 11	~~ 22	#1 54 t ‡
erium flints	79 99	10	55 31 17
urium netal	at tt	2.4	iz io ii
alcium hypochlorite	Dr. Comélé	2 ₃ 900	97 PG . 139
arious products such s, tungstic acid, monium paratungstate			

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